

Have you ever tested your home for **Radon**?

- ✔ It's easy
- ✔ It's free/inexpensive
- ✔ You can do it yourself

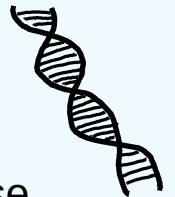
Common points of entry into the house include crawl spaces, cracked walls, floors and wall joints, sump pumps and spaces around plumbing, duct work, and wiring in walls/floors.

Radon is a naturally-occurring radioactive gas.

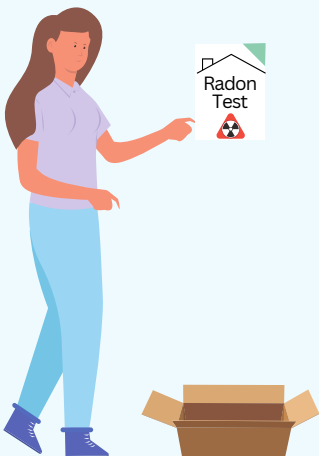
It can enter your home through the ground and affect air quality.

When inhaled, the radioactive particles can damage DNA and cause lung cancer.

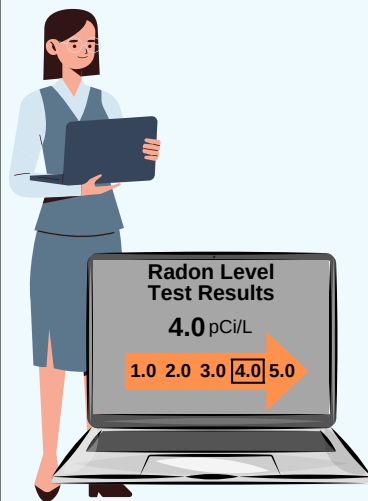
Because it's invisible and odorless, the only way to know if your home has high levels of radon is to test it.



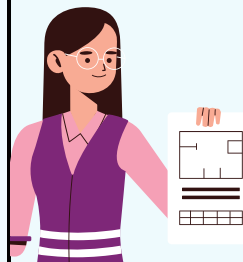
Testing your home for radon is easy, inexpensive, and you can do it yourself.



If your test result shows levels of 4.0 pCi/L or higher, you should take action.



Consult a radon mitigation professional about installing a mitigation system.



The National Radon Proficiency Program, and the National Radon Safety Board both have a list of certified contractors for quick/cost-effective installation.

